

# Development-Examples-Login

## Simple Login

Here is a little example on how to redirect a request to a "login" page if necessary:

```
public void appendToResponse(WOResponse aResponse, WOContext aContext) {
    String      aPageName = LoginPage.pageWithContext( aContext );

    if ( ( aPageName != null ) && ( this.name().equals( aPageName ) == false ) ) {
        WOComponent      aComponent = this.pageWithName( aPageName );

        this.currentSession().setPage( aPageName );
        aContext._setPageComponent( aComponent );
        aContext._setCurrentComponent( aComponent );
        aComponent.appendToResponse( aResponse, aContext );

        return;
    }

    this.currentSession().setPage( this.name() );
    super.appendToResponse( aResponse, aContext );
}
```

WOContext.\_setPageComponent() and WOContext.\_setCurrentComponent() are undocumented methods, but are required in order to update the WOContext with the current page and component information.

The LoginPage class (not shown) will decide if a login is necessary or not.

## Avoiding Session Timeouts at Login

A good login should not timeout when no user is logged in. This can be a problem if your application uses a session in the page generation.

Fortunately Apple has provided us with a way of doing this correctly: "DirectAction";. You should implement your login page as a DirectAction and be very careful not to create a "lazy" session otherwise you will have worked for nothing. WO create a session when you call certain methods so you have to be careful. Use this.context().hasSession() to check that everything is OK. After successful login you create a session by calling this.session() in your component and store the user in it; you are in business.

On logout you destroy the session and return the direct action page that way the user has a new login screen instead of an empty screen. The easiest way of generating a login page on logout is to return a redirect page (302) to the main URL of the application it is transparent to the user and does exactly what you need.

You will find the code sample there after. I place it in the Application and when I want to logout I just call handleLogout with the context.

```
private WResponse responseForPageWithName(String aPageName, WOContext aContext) {
    if ( aPageName != null ) {
        WResponse aResponse = new WResponse();
        String adaptorPrefix = aContext.request().adaptorPrefix();
        String applicationName = aContext.request().applicationName();
        String anURL = adaptorPrefix + "/" + applicationName + ".woa";
        aResponse.setHeader(anURL, "Location");
        aResponse.setHeader("text/html", "content-type");
        aResponse.setHeader("0", "content-length");
        aResponse.setStatus(302);
        return aResponse;
    }
    return null;
}

public WResponse handleLogout(WOContext aContext) {
    WResponse aResponse = this.responseForPageWithName("Login", aContext);
    if ( ! aContext.session().isTerminating() ) {
        ((Session)aContext.session()).setUser(null);
        aContext.session().terminate();
    }
    return aResponse;
}
```